Understanding the Gage Table

This Tech Tip explains how the gage table spreadsheet is laid out and what you need to edit.

The image below shows the gagetable.xls, which at first glance is a little confusing, but it is quite simple once you understand it's layout.

	Α	В	С	D	E	F	
1	Process Type						
2	Units	mm	3				
3	*100 2	/		4			
4	Gage Nar e	3min					
5	Materia hickness	3 💕		- 5			
6	Bend lac us	3.5 🔶					
7	Reli f Dipth	5 🔶		-7			
8	Relief V/ dth	2.75	6				
9	*200	Radius	-				
10	Angle	10	20	25	30		
11	5	0.1	0.1	0.15	0.2		
12	15	0.17	0.1	0.15	0.25		
13	30	0.19	0.15	0.2	0.3		
14	45	0.2	0.2	0.25	0.35		
15	60	0.21	0.2	0.25	0.4		
16	75	0.22	0.3	0.35	0.45		
17	90	0.23	0.3	0.35	0.5		
18	120	0.24	0.4	0.4	0.65		
19	135	0.25	0.4	0.5	0.68		
20	180	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.7		
21	*400					_	
22	Notes:	N	eutral Fact	ors derive	d for demo		
23	*500						
24							
25							
26	Gage Name	4mm					
27	Material Thickness	4					
28		5					
29	Relief Depth	1.8					
30	Relief Width	1					
31	*200	Radius					
32	Angle	3	5	6.5	10		
33	5	0.1	0.1	0.05	0.1		
34	15	0.17	0.15	0.1	0.1		
35	30	0.19	0.2	0.13	0.2		
36	45	0.2	0.21	0.23	0.25		
37	60	0.21	0123	0.26	0.3		
38	75	0.22	0.25	0.3	0.4		
Key Aluminum 6061 Mild Steel Stainless Steel							

- 1. These tabs represent the material used (See item B in Figure 2)
- These represent the different sections of the table. *100 Gage Start, *200 NF Table Start, *400 NF Table End, *500 Gage End (NF = Neutral factor)
- 3. Gauge Name (See item B in Figure 2)
- 4. Material Thickness
- 5. Bend Radius
- 6. Radius range
- 7. Relief Depth (See Figure 2)
- 8. Relief width (See Figure 2)

Use Excel file:	C:\Program Files\Solid Edge BP eferences\Gagetable.xls						
Use Gage Table:	Mild Steel	~	Edit				
	Associate with material	MSP G250 08mm					
[8mm	~ 0	Add Gage	Delete Gage			
Properties Material thickr	ness: 8.00 ~	Relief depth:	0.50 ~	N			
Bend ra	dius: 8.00 ~	Relief width:	0.50 ~	1 in 19			
Figure 1							

*200 to *400 the Neutral Factor table. This is a simple table and of little use in most situations but does allow great flexibility. The blue column is the angle range and the purple row is the radius range. The white area marked with a red border is the neutral factor.

So for any angle between 0 and 5° at a bend radius between 0 and 10mm the K factor will be 0.1 If you are bending a 3mm Aluminium plate at 65° with a bend radius of 23mm then the K factor will be 0.2

In the "Gauge Properties" tab in the Material Table you can select the sheet metal gage (Figure 2, item D) and then associate it to a Material Property (Figure 2, item C).